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Overdenture System





The attachment female in the post coping and the adjustable spring pin in the removable prosthesis.

Advantages:

- o May require less vertical space
- Provides a more stable prosthesis
- Easier to service

Fabrication of the post coping: Soldering Technique







The coping after casting and finishing (**FIG 1**). Use the (RE) **P4 mandrel** for positioning the base ring. Thread the **Pallax base ring** onto the mandrel (**FIG 2**). Reduce the cast coping to 0.3mm. Position the base ring in direct contact with the post coping. The base ring will be surrounded with solder (**FIG 3**).







Parallel the base rings and secure with sticky wax (**FIG 4**). The RE H4 and **H4 soldering accessories** for base rings (**FIG 5**). Apply **liquid colloidal graphite**, or anti flux, to the threaded areas to assure easy removal after soldering. Maintain horizontal position during investing to assure a proper flow of solder (**FIG 6**).







Boil out after 45 minutes setting time (**FIG 7**). **Ceka Sol** is recommended for soldering (**FIG 8**). Do not use any anti flux, as Ceka Sol contains its own flux. Evenly apply the solder. Slightly heat the soldering accessory for easier removal (**FIG 9**).





In cases of limited space, the post coping may be waxed up in a concave form (FIG 10). The rounded shape of the coping allows for easy patient cleaning and hygienic maintenance (FIG 11).

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